

Timings of the session

Session 1: Warm up: Using the classroom – understanding how to 'own' and manage your teaching space Managing pupils' behaviour: where do I start?	4-5pm BREAK
Session 2: Bill Rogers' approach to behaviour management – how can I apply these principles to stay calm and create a firm and fair classroom environment? Epstein's 4-part model – reflection and discussion	5.10 -6pm FINISH

Please ensure you type your name into the chat box and your time of joining the training so we can track attendance - thanks!



Learning outcomes

By the end of this training, you will have:

- started to think more critically about how to run a successful learning environment through effective behaviour management
- begun to think about using variety within your behaviour management strategies so that all pupils and you! -feel
 calm
- had the chance to ask questions and think about your goals for the next couple of weeks



Activity 1: How can we get comfortable in the classroom and 'own' the space?

Activity 1: Have a look at the classroom space and the attached numbers.

Answer the questions below on your notepad.

- (a) Which number represents where effective teachers should be when the lesson begins? Why?
- (b) From which points can you teach the lesson? Why?
- (c) How could you use the area around point 5 to maximise learning for all pupils?
- (d) Why might you stand at point 8?
- (e) When would it be appropriate to sit at point 3?
- (f) Are there instances where you would base yourself at points 1, 4, 6, and 7? When and why?



Multiple Choice

(Q1) It is better to greet your pupils at the door and invite them into your classroom, even if you don't have every detail worked out or set up, than to be distracted when pupils arrive at your lesson, as this will result in your lesson having a less controlled beginning or worse, waste the first 5 minutes as you try to settle them down.

- True
- False

(Q2) It is a good idea to always stand at the front of the classroom where you can see everybody as you teach, because then you will have more control over things.

- True
- False

(Q3) You should never attempt to set the class off on a task and then teach a couple of pupils or a small group pf pupils separately, because the rest are bound to stop working.

True

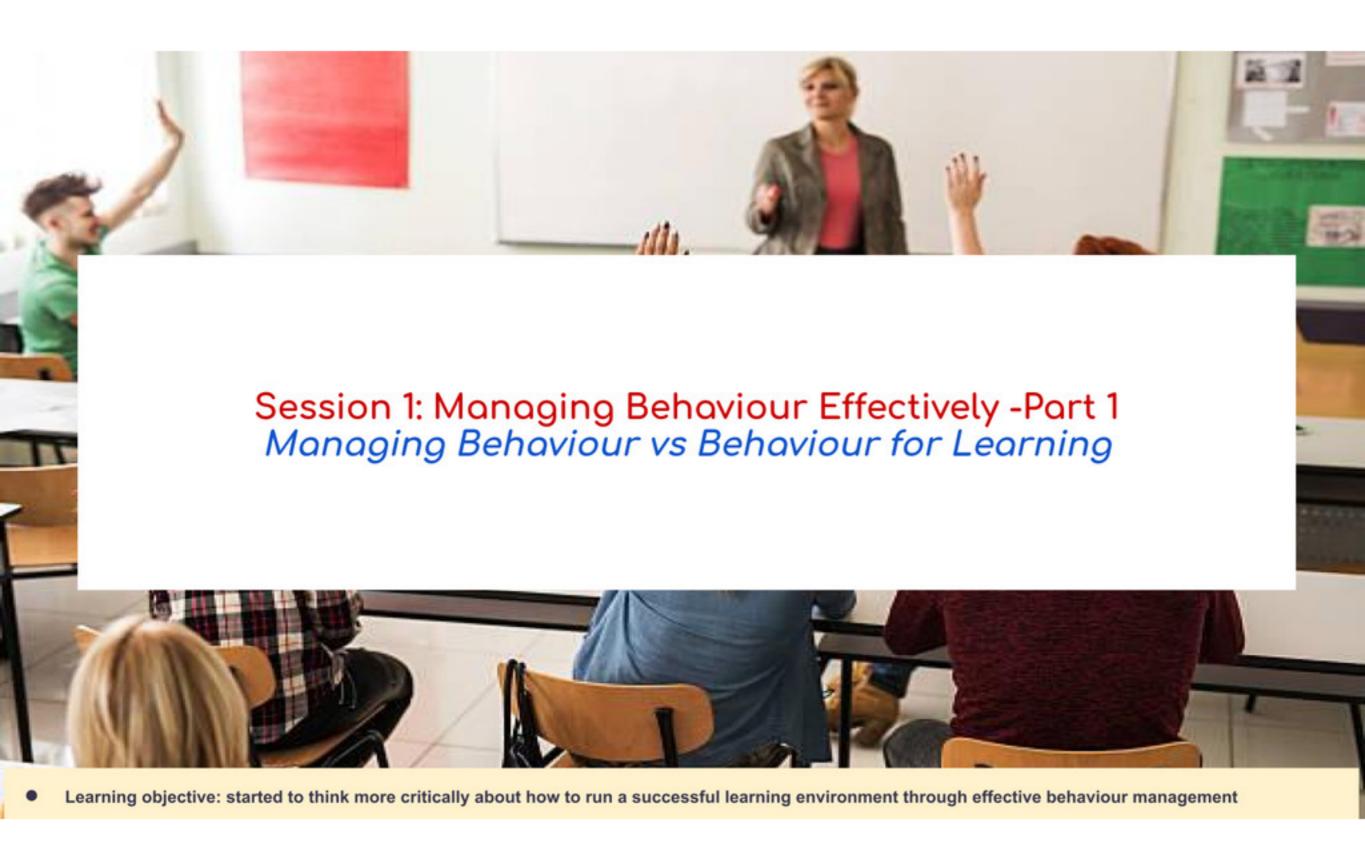
False

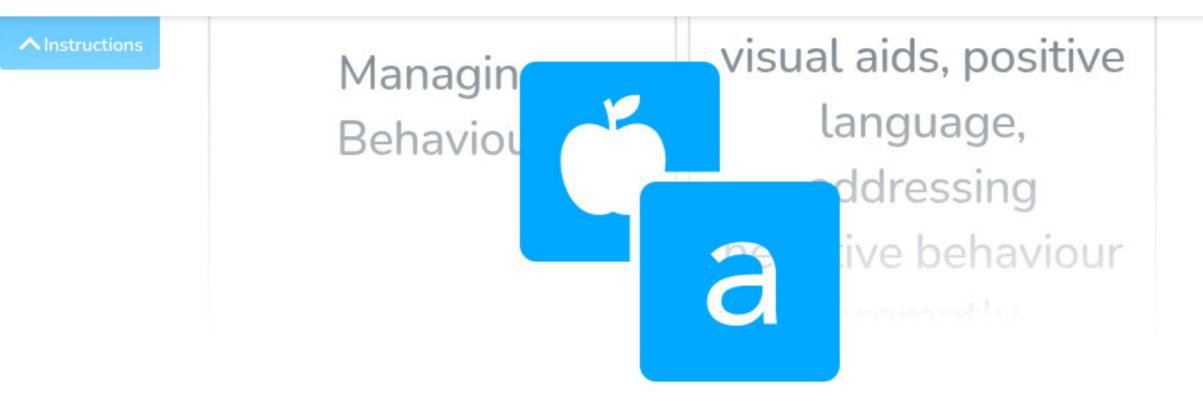
(Q4) You should always prioritise getting the children settled and achieving silence and good eye contact before starting to teach.

- True
- False

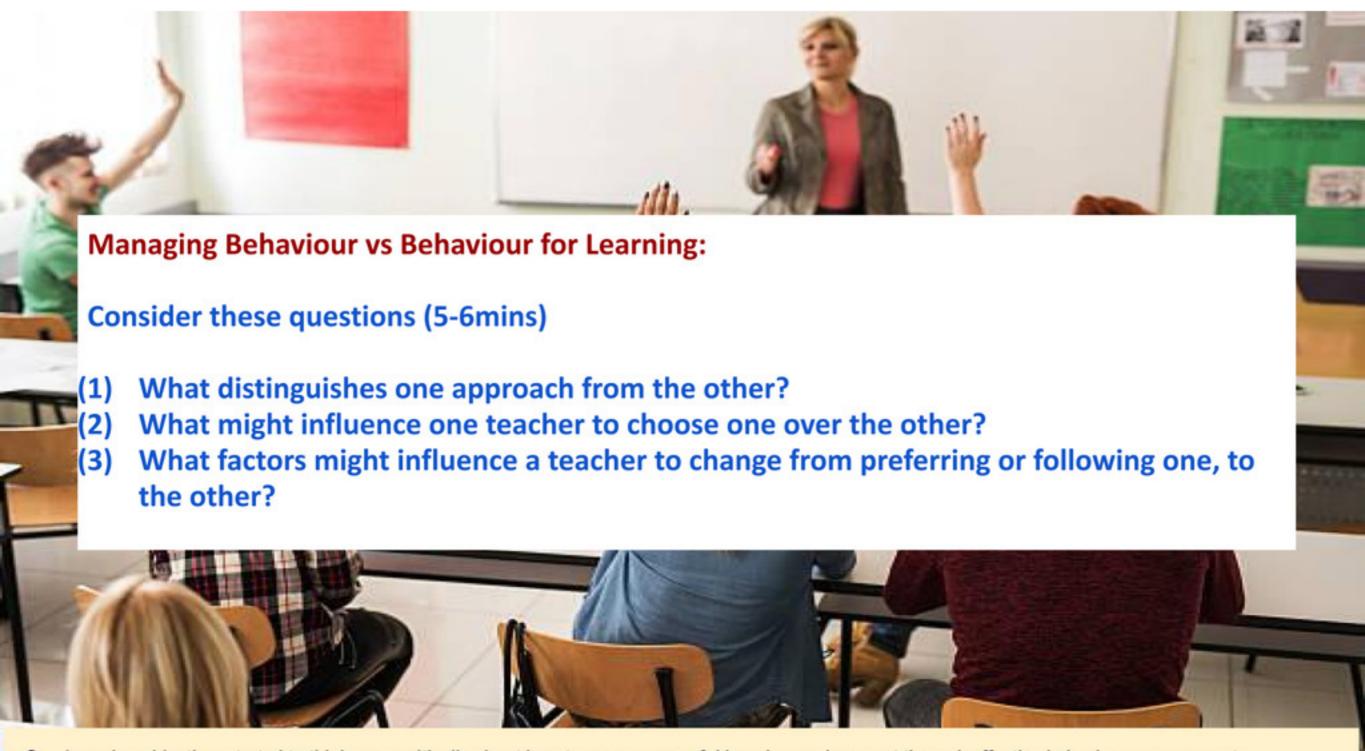
(Q5) It is more important to get through all the learning activities that you plan to cover than having everyone's attention throughout the lesson - if some children miss out, they can catch up in the following lesson.

- True
- False





Matching Pairs



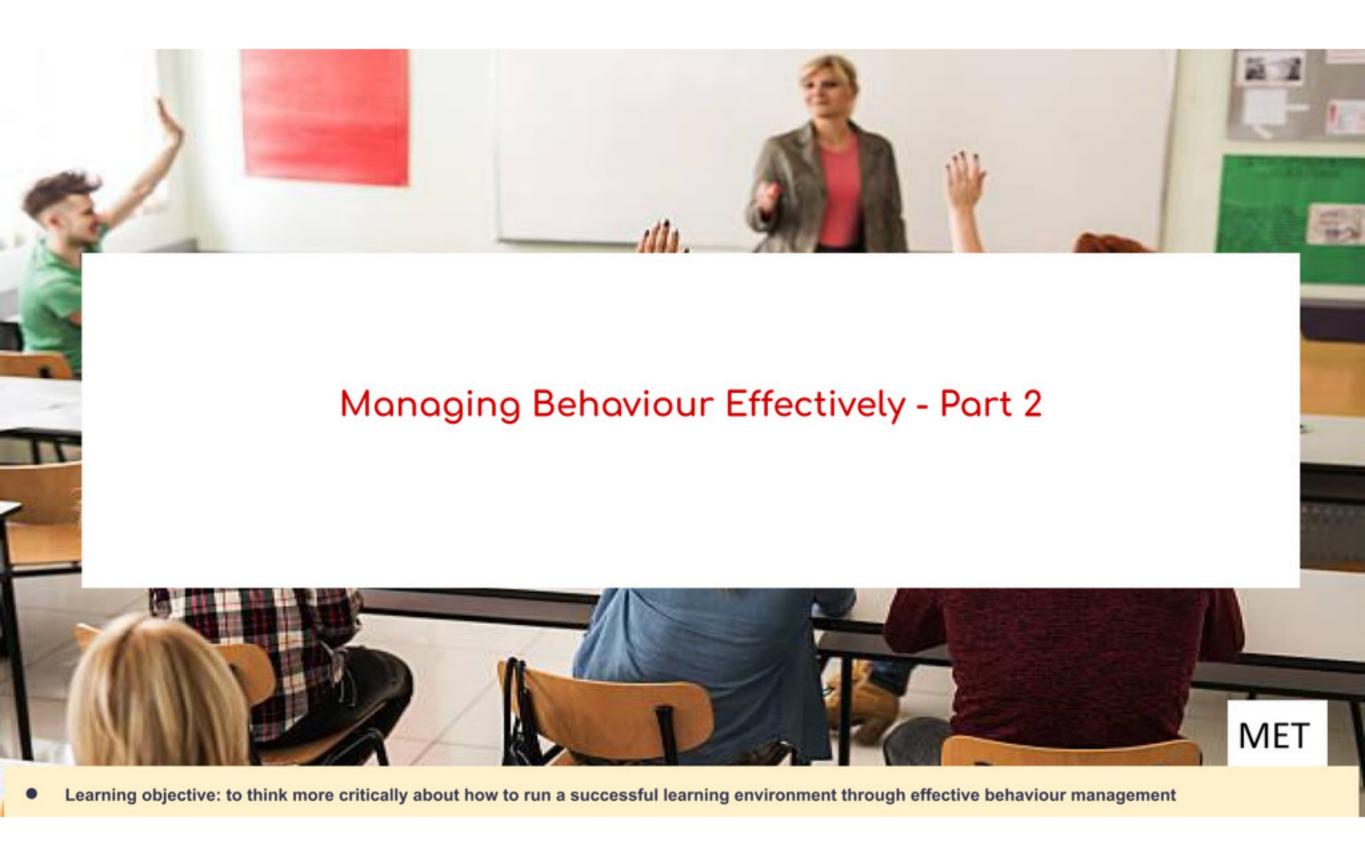
Learning objective: started to think more critically about how to run a successful learning environment through effective behaviour management

Fill in the Blanks

self-regulat	ion,	modelli	ng	skills	habit	:S
clear	suppor	tive	promp	tly.	reinfor	cement
reward	address	sing	behavi	iour,		

Behaviour manag	gement as an appr	roach to running	а
classroom involve	es setting	expecta	ations to
the pupil,	desired	behaviour, using	positive
	and creating a pos	sitive and	
	s can be accompl	•	•
	system, using visu	al aids, using pos	itive
language and	neg	ative behaviour	
Behaviour for Lea	arning Strategies	focus on the dev	elopment
of		and	to
support the pupil	ls' learning. They	focus on technique	ues for

learning and engagement, motivation and confidence.



Best Practice and Classroom Management toolkit - introducing Bill Rogers' approach

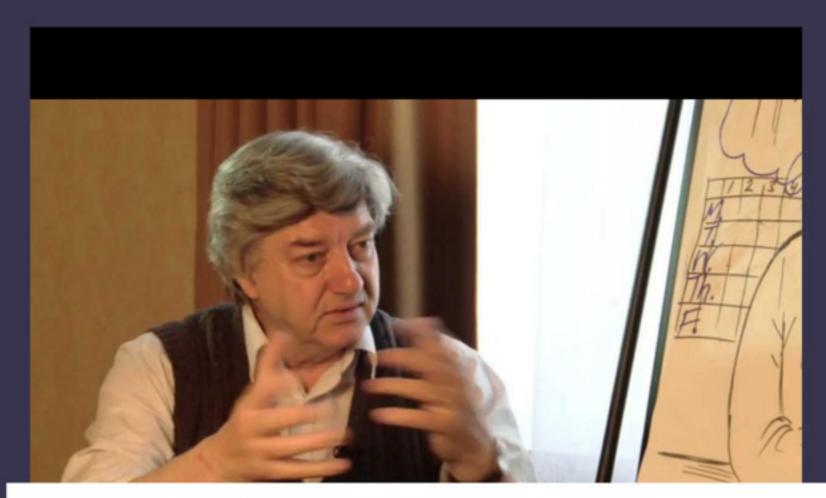
 As you watch Bill Rogers' guide managing behaviour, what do you think characterises (defines) his recommended approach?

Learning objective: to think more critically about how to run a successful learning environment through effective behaviour management



VID 1: How to: settle a class at the beginning of a lesson – consistent routines and habits

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PLFcaovsriA



VID 2: How to: establish trust to enable classroom co-operation

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=r351z1MqL10

Learning objective: to think more critically about how to run a successful learning environment through effective behaviour management

Understanding how to manage pupil behaviour

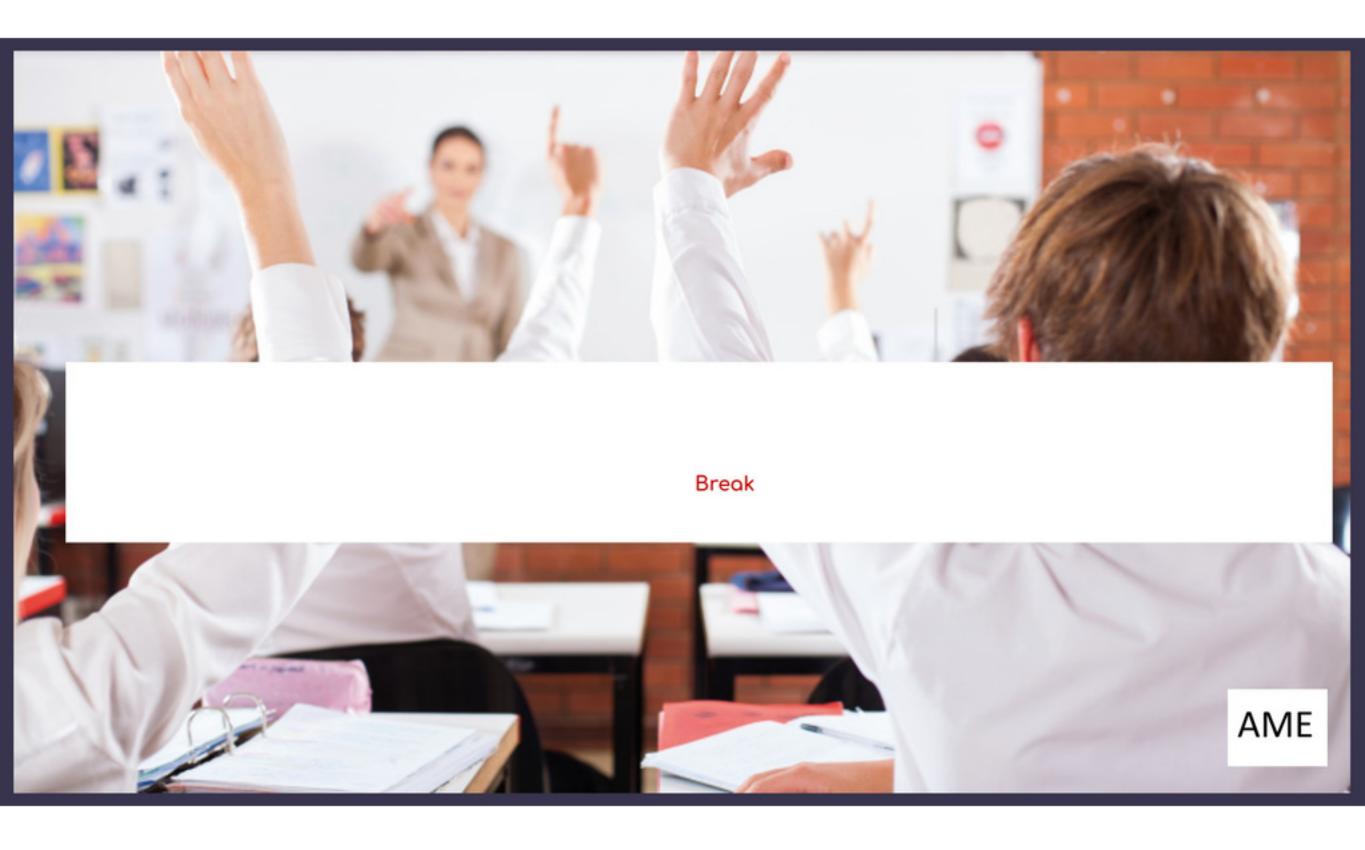
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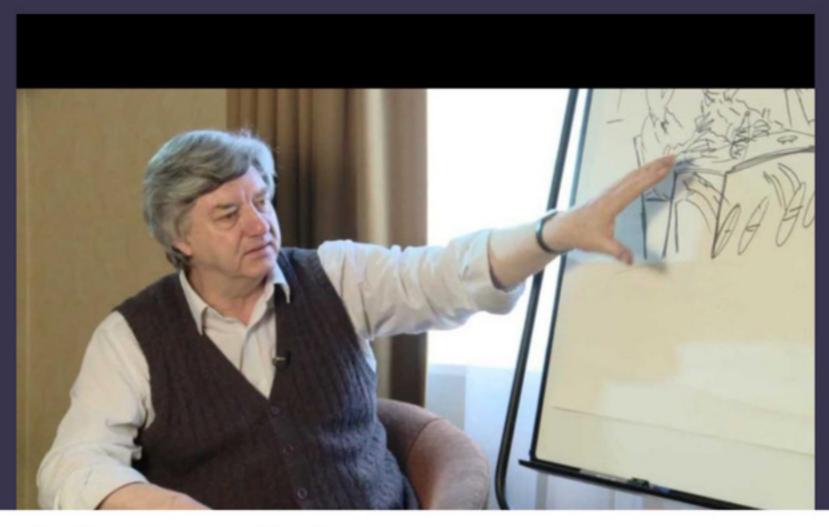
▲ Instructions



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Understanding how to manage pupil behaviour





Vid 3: How to: deal with distractions confidently

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=doNJS7ACp1c

• Learning objective: to think more critically about how to run a successful learning environment through effective behaviour management





Vid 4: How to: manage students who just say 'No'

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Q1bIQ1Hg00c&t=273s

Learning objective: to think more critically about how to run a successful learning environment through effective behaviour management

Managing behaviour - videos 3 and 4

What characterises the approach to managing behaviour here? What phrases can we adopt in our own practice?

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Managing behaviour - videos 3 and 4



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L4 Teaching Fundamentals course: tasks per week

L4	Week	Task 1	Task 2	Task 3	Task 4	Task 5	
8-12 Sept	1	TD1 reflection (250-400 words)	Settling in checklist – school research and interviews to support induction and School Community Project	ILJ first journal reflection on first week (500-750 words)		What's du	e this
15-19 Sept	2	ILJ reflection on learning from school research (500-750 words)				week?	
22-26 Sept	3 (SG)	IU – Part 1: summary of the school's Safeguarding policy including list of questions as guidance for self/staff	Meeting with DSL – write up notes (minimum 500 words)	ILJ – Part 2: reflections on the Safeguarding policy at the school – total for ILJ: 500-750 words	Written assignment: 'To what extent is keeping children safe, when you work in an educational setting, everyone's greatest professional responsibility' (minimum of 1500 words plus 10% allowance)		
29 -3 Oct	4	ILJ – Part 1: Behaviour Policy -summary of the policy and Part 2: significance of the policy and interactions/experience of applying it (500-750 words)	First Observation of a Colleague – Behaviour for Learning (minimum S00 words)	Evaluation of behaviour strategies from observation (250-400 words)			
6-10 Oct	5	Begin proposal for school community project	Second Observation of a Colleague – Planning (minimum 500 words)	Evaluation of planning strategies from observation (250-400 words)	IU – importance of planning		
13-17 Oct	6 (SG)	Complete proposal paperwork for School Community Project (500-750 words)	IU – reflect on first half-term (500- 750 words)	Half-term tripartite discussion with school and G2T, including task 6			





Trainee Feedback Form

First name	Last name	Last name		
Email *				
Email				

How to Edit

Click Edit This Slide in the plugin to make changes.

Don't have the Nearpod add-on? Open the "Add-ons" menu in Google Slides to install.





Thank you for your participation today and well done!

